Realising the Europe 2020 Strategy by investing in Research and Innovation

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Knowledge for the Future, Oslo, 17-03-2011



Major developments since June 2010 (1)

- Adoption of Europe 2020 Strategy (June 2010)
- Largest ever calls under FP7 of 6.4 billion (July 2010)
- Innovation Union flagship initiative as part of Europe 2020 (6 October 2010, Council conclusions 26 November)
- Communication on Budget Review (October 2010)

- BUILDING AN

INNOVATION UNION

• Interim evaluation of FP7 (November 2010)



Major developments since June 2010 (2)

- Transition to DG Research and Innovation (January 2011)
- Simplification measures (January 2011)
- Publication of the Innovation Union Scoreboard (February 2011)
- European Council on Innovation (February 2011)

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- Commission **response to interim evaluation** of FP7 (*February 2011*)
- Publication Green Paper 'Towards a Common Strategic Framework' (February 2011)



Europe 2020 Strategy

- Europe's strategy for getting out of the crisis
- In 2020 Europe will be changed into "into a new sustainable social market economy, a smarter, greener economy where our prosperity will result from innovation and from using resources better, and where knowledge will be the key input"
- Relaunch of the 3% objective for investments in Research and Innovation
- Seven flagship initiatives (eg. Innovation Union, Youth on the Move, Digital Agenda, Agenda for Skills and Jobs)
- Integrated guidelines for reforms in Member States, including reference to universities





The EU's R&D is lagging behind our main competitors

Evolution of R&D Intensity, 2000-2009



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Position of Norway in European countries' Innovation Performance



■ MODEST INNOVATORS ■ MODERATE INNOVATORS ■ INNOVATION FOLLOWERS ■ INNOVATION LEADERS



Innovation Union



Innovation Union (1)

- A strategic and integrated approach to research and innovation
 - Innovation is overarching policy objective driving all other policies
 - Innovation policy is steered and monitored at the highest level
- Radically improving framework conditions and reduce timeto-market (standardisation, venture capital, IPR, public procurement, etc.)
- Prioritising efforts around major challenges, e.g. through European Innovation Partnerhips
- Fully exploiting non-technological innovation
- Therefore need for smart fiscal consolidation

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Innovation Union (2)

From idea to the market





Interim evaluation FP7



Interim evaluation FP7: positive benefits

- Enables cross-border pooling of resources to achieve critical mass and diffusion of knowledge
- Promotes competition in research, thereby raising levels of excellence
- Offers a wide range of training possibilities and enhances Europe's research capacity
- Provides a way to deal with pan-European policy challenges and link to EU market frameworks
- Raises the international attractiveness of EU research and innovation



Interim evaluation FP7: Challenges

- Further simplification- too many instruments, less variation in rules, simpler audits and controls, avoid duplicate information
- Better strategy for innovation how to commercialise results, generate impacts
- Focus resources with critical mass to address the grand challenges
- Broaden participation new Member States, women
- Clearer agendas driven by scientific, industrial, social objectives



Norwegian participation in FP7



7th Framework Programme: Norwegian participation (1)

- Norway is a very active participant to FP7!
- Number of participations in signed grant agreements:
 - 781 participations in 549 signed grant agreements
 - 24% success rate (EU average 22%)
 - Total amount of EU contribution to Norway: €247 million so far until 2010
- Important participation in many areas:
 - Energy and environment
 - ICT
 - Research for the benefit of SME's
 - Marine research (including Joint Programming Initiative 'Healthy and Productive Seas and Oceans')



7th Framework Programme: Norwegian participation / self evaluation (2)

- According to NIFU STEP (2010) successful Norwegian participation in FP7 with substantial impact on national research
- Development of ERA might have far-reaching structuring effect on Norwegian R&I policy
- Lessons learned:

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- Participation in FP7 perceived as helpful in network building
- Participation in FP7 increases the research performance
- 40% of participating companies expects direct economic benefit from the project
- Potential:
 - Good participation of knowledge institutions, less of industry yet
 - More focus on internationalisation of R&D
 - More systematic and goal-oriented in terms of aligning national strategy and European research policy



7th Framework Programme: Norwegian participation (3)

Important to participate! Why?

- To remain competitive
- To strengthen knowledge base
- To widen networks
- To join forces and solve common societal challenges
- To cooperate between knowledge institutions worldwide
- To internationalise
- To tap into new markets
- To benchmark



Research and innovation in the next EU financial framework (post 2013)



Green Paper - Towards a Common Strategic Framework

- Bringing together FP7, CIP, and the EIT
- To focus on challenges requiring an EU response
 - Tackling major societal challenges
 - Increasing competitiveness
 - Raising excellence in the research base
- With simplification

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- Rationalised toolkit of funding schemes
- More standardised rules, remove needless variations
- Common entry points, IT platforms etc.
- And clearer complementarities with MS funding and with EU Cohesion Policy funds

Questions in the Green Paper



Working together

- How can a Common Strategic Framework simplify the landscape?
- Where to act at **EU level** (and leverage other resources)?
- How to support joint programming between Member States?
- What balance between large and small projects?
- What measures of **success**?
- How to complement national, regional and Cohesion Policy funding?



Tackling societal challenges

- How to focus on societal challenges?
- What scope for bottom up activities?
- What support for policy making and forwardlooking activities?

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- Role of the Joint Research Centre?
- How to involve **citizens**?



Strengthening competitiveness

- How to cover the full innovation cycle?
- How to strengthen industry participation, including public private partnerships?
- What support for **SMEs**?
- Use of financial instruments (equity, debt)?
- How to take account of non-technological innovation?
- New types of support (public procurement, prizes)?
- Treatment of Intellectual Property Rights?



Strengthening the science base and the European Research Area

- Stronger role for the European Research Council?
- Greater support to mobility and research careers (Marie Curie actions)?
- EU level support to **research infrastructures**?
- Priorities for **international cooperation**?
- Addressing obstacles to the European Research Area?



A broad debate – timetable

- Addressed to all stakeholders:
 - Key questions for design of the Common Strategic Framework

Deadline for contributions by 20 May 2011:

- Online questionnaire
- Submission of position papers
- Interactive blog
- **Competition for a name** for the Common Strategic Framework
- Follow up:

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- Major event to conclude consultation (10 June 2011)
- Commission proposals for next multi-annual financial framework (June 2011)
- Commission legislative proposals for the Common Strategic Framework (by end of 2011)



EU - Building an INNOVATION UNION

More to come....

- Communication on Modernising Universities (September 2011):
 - Role universities in Innovation Union (regional innovation centres)
 - Research careers, attractiveness, doctoral schools, ranking, differentiation, curricula reform (university-business cooperation)
- ERA Framework and supportive measures (*proposals* planned for 2012, aiming to be in force by 2014)
 - Addressing the remaining obstacles to mobility and cross-border cooperation for completion of ERA ´where researchers, scientific knowledge and technologies circulate freely'
 - Public consultation to be launched in June 2011



Thank you for your attention

Robert-Jan Smits

